

Introduction to the CMS









CMS is a CIRP flagship product

- Interactive calculation of waves, current, sediment transport, and morphology change (shore term – storms, and long term – decades)
- Channels, jetties, and levees represented.
- 2D version Non-Equilib sediment Transport (NET), Rapid Assessment of Morphology (RAM).
- Represents sediment motion by waves and horizontal gradients in current vertical structure starting in FY10.
- Shoreline change & breach representation (as near jetties) underway.
- Vegetation module underway.
- Long been fully integrated in the SMS.
- Quick to setup and build efficient grids, given good bathymetry/forcing data.
- Scores of person-years at CHL, at SMS developers, and by academia and consultants.



Coastal Inlets Research Program



Available processes/features in CMS-Wave



- Directional Spectrum transformation
- Refraction / Shoaling
- Depth-limited Wave breaking
- Diffraction
- Reflection (forward/backward)
- Transmission
- Run-up and set-up/set-down
- Wave-current interaction
- Wind
- White capping
- Bottom Friction
- Muddy Coast



Recent additions to CMS-Wave



- Wave run-up calculation
- Four different wave-breaking formulas
 - Extended Goda
 - Extended Miche (New)
 - Battjes and Janssen (New)
 - Chawla and Kirby (New)
- Ability to specify feature cells for wave transmission, wave run-up and setup on beach face, and wave overtopping structures
- Grid nesting capability
- "Fast mode" (Simplified Formulation) run capability







Available processes/features in CMS-Flow



- WL/Tide/Flux forcing
- Wind forcing (spatially constant at present)
- Wave forcing
- Sediment transport (Equilibrium and Non-Equilibrium, Total Load and Advection-Diffusion)
- Wetting/Drying
- Bottom friction (spatially variable)
- Hard-bottom representation (non-erodible layer)
- Basic variable grain size
- Basic 2-d Salinity transport
- Parallel Processing on PC using OpenMP





- Increased Speed An optimization of the coding structure for CMS-Flow has created a 500 to 1,000 percent increase in simulation speed depending on user's selections.
- Additional Sediment Transport Algorithm A Non-equilibrium (NET) version of the advection diffusion sediment transport algorithm in CMS-Flow.
- **OpenMP Parallelization** Use multiple processors on PCs to reduce runtime.
- **2D Salinity Transport** Can specify a default global salinity concentration as well as introduce a different sediment sources at boundaries.
- Variable Grain Size (Phase 1) Can specify zones of grain size for sediment transport calculations.
- Improved Stability and Better Error Diagnostics.





Non-Equilibrium Sediment Transport (NET)

- Accounts for temporal and spatial lags between flow and sediment transport
- Can easily handle constrained sediment loading (over- or under-loading)
- Hard-bottom (non-erodible bottom) automatically computed
- Can simulate suspended and bed load separately or combined as bedmaterial or total load
- Much more stable than equilibrium (standard) sediment transport





Parallel Processing



- CMS-Flow has been parallelized using the OpenMP parallelization method. Routines parallelized are:
 Fork and Jo
 - Initialization
 - Hydrodynamics
 - Morphology
 - Sediment Transport (ongoing)
 - Salinity
- SMS interface implementation is underway.
 - Workaround: Access via "Advanced" tab in model control
 - Add card "OPENMP_PROCESSORS <white space> #"



- On some newer computers (Intel and AMD) there are sometimes two "threads" per processor. This is called Hyper-threading (HT)
 - CMS will determine if the computer has HT capability and adjust the number of threads accordingly.
 - If User specifies 1 processor and HT is available, CMS-Flow will operate with 2 threads !!
- Works best on grids with more than 20,000 cells.
- At some point, adding more processors will no longer speed up the run down and cause unnecessary use of processors (see next slide).



Parallel Processing



Time comparison from 1 interval of steering run

- Flow grid ~42,000 cells
- Hydro Timestep 0.5 sec

- Transport Timestep 10 sec
- Morphology update 0.5 hr

	Serial 1 Processor	Parallel 1 Processor (2 Threads)	Parallel 2 Processors (4 Threads)	Parallel 3 Processors (6 Threads)	Parallel 4 Processor (8 Threads)
Hydro + Waves only	12 m 52 sec	8 m 23 sec ~1.5x faster	4 m 29 sec ~2.8x faster	6 m 6 sec ~2.1x faster	5 m 4 sec ~2.5x faster
Hydro + Waves + ST :	15 m 46 sec	8 m 37 sec	5 m 10 sec	6 m 37 sec	6 m 34 sec
Total Load – Lund CIRP		~1.8x faster	~3.0x faster	~2.4x faster	~2.4x faster
Hydro + Waves + ST :	17 m 28 sec	11 m 15 sec	7 m 17 sec	7 m 50 sec	7 m 15 sec
NET – LundCIRP capacity		~1.5x faster	~2.4x faster	~2.2x faster	~2.4x faster







Presently, a combined transport timestep for <u>both</u> salinity and sediment.

- Activate salinity transport.-
- Assign default global salinity concentration.
- Salinity concentration boundary conditions are enabled
- Activate sediment transport.
- Choice of fundamental type of equations (Equilibrium or Non-equilibrium).
- Assign various sediment parameters, coefficients, and formulations.

С	MS-Fla	ow Model Control				
Model Parameters Transport Tidal Wind/Wave Output Cells Advanced						
	Tra	ansport rate: 1.0 secor	•	Morphologic: 9.0	seco	or 💌
2-slinity						
Calculate salinity Global concentration: 28.0 ppt						
	Sedi	iment				
Calculate sediment transport						
	For	mulation:	Advection	-diffusion		<u>~</u>
	Tra	nsport capacity formula:	Lund-CIR	>		-
	Sec	diment density (kg/m³):	2650.0			
	Water density (kg/m²):		1025.0			
Water temperature (deg C):		15.0				
Bed load transport rate coefficient:		1.0				
Suspended load transport rate coefficient:		1.0				
Morphologic acceleration factor: 1.0		1.0				
Bed slope coefficient: 1.0		1.0			~	
	Hard	d Bottom				
Create Dataset Select Dataset Hard Bottom						
D50						
Create Dataset Select Dataset D50						
	He	qle			ОК	Cancel







- Select cellstrings to assign salinity boundary forcing curves.
- Pull-down menu has option for "Assign BC"
- Cellstring has new "Salinity" option to assign concentration forcing information.







Introduction to the SMS







What is the SMS?



- A Pre-Processor
 - Organize and create input files for Corps of Engineers' Numerical Models

• A Post-Processor (visualize results)

- Create plots
- Create film loops
- Data calculator
- Data set creation

Connect with outside tools

- Import/export CAD data
- Import/export GIS data
- Import/export tabular ASCII data
- Import/export image data





SMS Interface









- Manage/Transform/Edit/Optimize data
- Construct model domain (grids)
- Simplify model parameter specification
- Format data (File I/O)
- Solution review/Post-processing
 - Visualization
 - Data set creation
 - Plots and reports



SMS Modules



- Separate Commands for Separate Data Types
 - Scattered Data
 - Conceptual/Map Data
 - Finite Difference Data





- Project Explorer (Data Tree)
 - Geometric objects in base level of the tree
 - Functional data sets organized below

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SMS Tools



Toolbars



- Toolbar switches which current geometric object.
- Controls effects of mouse activity in graphics window
- Arrow in icon indicates "select" tool
- Dependent on current module and model
- Macro Bars 🎓 🔜 🗁 🏦
 - Display settings set in preferences (Edit|Preferences)
 - Menu command equivalents
- စိ 🔊 🏖 😭 🛍

Available at all times



Data In SMS



- Images
- Map Module
 - Coastlines
 - Field data
- Scatter Module
 - Scattered depth data







Data Types







Download Images





- Virtual Earth to locate site from inside SMS
- USGS as image source



Scatter Data (TINs)



- Stores spatially varied data
 - Bathymetric data most common
 - Interpolates from one grid/mesh to another
 - Allows combination of data sources
 - Data thinning or filtering





Visualization of Scattered Data





Packery Channel, TX Oblique view

• Options

- Magnify in Z direction
- Oblique or plan views
- Fill with contours options
- Shading



Coordinate Systems



- Projection defined by user (or projection file)
- Conversion or reprojection supported

		Select Projection
Reproject Current	×	Projection
Current projection Specify Horizontal Curcal projection Units: Global projection Set Projection Current projection: UTM, NAD83 (FLORIDA HPGN)	New projection Horizontal C Local projection Units: Global projection Set Projection Current projection: UTM, NAD83 (FLORIDA HPGN)	Projection: State Plane Coordinate System Datum: NAD83 (FLORIDA HPGN) Planar Units: FEET (U.S. SURVEY) Zone: Horida West (FIPS 902) Parameters:
Vertical Projection: Local Units: Meters	Vertical Projection: Local Units: Meters OK Cancel	Attribute Value STATE PLANE SCALE FACTOR 1.000000000
		OK Cancel





- Manage/Transform/Edit/Optimize data
- Construct model domain (grids) – CMS-Flow/CMS-Wave/PTM
- Simplify model parameter specification
- Format data (File I/O)
- Solution review/Post-processing
 - Visualization
 - Data set creation
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Map Grid Frame to Grid Constant Cell Size







Map Grid Frame to Grid Variable Spacing









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Parameter Specification and File I/O

CMS Flow Model Co



- Time Control
- Auxiliary Files
- Parameters
 - Solver type
 - Flags

Model Parameters Transport Tidal Wind/Wave	Output Cells Advanced
Time Control	Parameters
Start date: 01/01/2001 -	Anemometer height: 10.0 m
Start time: 12:00 AM	Depth to begin drying cells: 0.05 m
Simulation duration: 8760.0 hrs	WSE smoothing iterations: 3
Ramp duration: 4.000008 hrs	Advection extrap. coeff.: 1.0
Hydrodynamic time step: 3.0 secs	Include wall friction
Hot Start	Latitude throughout grid
Initial conditions file	Cell-specific latitude
none	C Average latitude: 0.00
Write Hot Start output file	Momentum Equation
Time to write out: 1524.0 hrs	Include advective terms
Automatic recurring Hot Start file	I Include mixing terms
Interval: 0.0 hrs	
Help	OK Cancel





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- Dataset Toolbox
- Grid duplication/rotation tools
- Web Menu
- Spatial Data Coverages
 - Data types
 - Plot types
 - Compass plots





- Coordinate Projections
 - More projections
 - Automatic reprojection of data with projection file
 - Images
 - CAD Data
- Annotation Layers
 - North Arrows
 - Legends
 - Screen Space Images



Dataset Toolbox



X Dataset Toolbox - Tools -Compare data sets Base Alternate ⊡ Math Compare data sets pensaflow 1990 (CMS-Flow) ensaflow 1990 (CMS-Flow) Data Calculator 123 D50 123 D50 Temporal 123 Hard Bottom 123 Hard Bottom Sample time steps 123 ManningsN 123 ManningsN ---- Compute derivative Z Depth Z Depth - Conversion 🚊 📄 Simulation - Scalar to Vector 🗄 🦳 Simulation ----- Vector to Scalar 123 pensaflow 1990_elev 123 pensaflow 1990_elev Modification 123 pensaflow 1990_morph 123 pensaflow 1990_morph Map activity ---- Filter Data Set Info... Data Set Info... Value if base is inactive: -99.0 Value if alternate is inactive: 99.0 Output data set name: new data set Update Available Tools Compute Help... Done



Dataset Toolbox



- Temporal Operations
 - Sample times
 - Temporal derivatives
- Mathematical Operations
 - Comparisons
 - Data Calculator
- Spatial Operations
 - Spacing
 - Gradients/Derivatives
 - Smoothing

- Conversions
 - Vector <-> Scalars
- Coastal Functions
 - Wavelength/Celerity
 - Courant number
- Activity Mapping
 - Map activity
 - Value filtering



Duplicate/Rotate Grid



- Accessed by Right Click on Grid in Project Explorer
 - Duplicate Flow grid for
 Wave model or vice versa
 - Rotate Wave grid to appropriate orientation





Web Menu



- Import data from web ...
 - Virtual Earth
 - Image data
 - Elevation data
- Find Data
 - Links to useful web sites
- Tidal Data
 - Links to coastal filtering tools





Spatial Data Coverages



- Create nodes at locations of interest (gauges)
- Associate temporal data with the location
 - Scalar data
 - X/Y vector data
 - Mag/dir vector data
- Plot types
 - Scientific
 - Multi-axis
 - Rose plots





Spatial Data Coverages



Compass plot

- Displayed on graphics window
- Updates with dates
- User managed



Compass Plot Properties	
Name Wind (10m)	Rings Number of rings: 3
Display with compass	Percent of maximum (0 - 100)
Spatial Data	1 33
Data Show Color	2 66
Wind Gage 1	3 100
	Display Options Compass size: 60
Legend Display Options	Show connection lines
 Show legend Location: Right Show min and max values Show one vector for each compass ring Precision: 2 	 ✓ Filled background Background color ✓
Help	OK Cancel



Coordinate Projections

Repi



- All major datums
- Project
 - Point
 - Object
 - Entire project
- Support for projection files
- Automatic detection
 of projections
 - Images
 - CAD
 - GIS

oject Current	
urrent projection Specify	New projection
Horizontal C Local projection Units: Global projection Set Projection	Horizontal C Local projection Units: Global projection Set Projection
Current State Plane Coordinate Suste	Select Projection
projection: State Fight Cooldinate Syste	Projection
Vertical Projection: Local Units: Meters	Projection: Load From File State Plane Coordinate System Save To File Datum: Save To File NAD83 Image: Constant System Planar Units: Image: Constant System Zone: Image: Constant System Florida West (FIPS 902) Image: Constant System Parameters: Image: Constant System Attribute Value STATE PLANE SCALE FACTOR 1.000000000



Annotation Layers



- Replaces
 Drawing Objects
- New Objects
 - Screen space images (logos, etc)
 - Scale bars
 - North Arrows
- Organizes entities into layers
- Anchored in either world or screen

